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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/574,118	03/30/2006	Frank Morton	27843-147A	5496
34238 ARTHUR G. S	7590 08/21/200 CHAIER	EXAMINER		
CARMODY & TORRANCE LLP			PILKINGTON, JAMES	
· ·	50 LEAVENWORTH STREET P.O. BOX 1110 WATERBURY, CT 06721		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
WATERBURY			3656	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			08/21/2009	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
	10/574,118	MORTON, FRANK			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	JAMES PILKINGTON	3656			
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim vill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	lely filed the mailing date of this communication. (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status					
Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>01 Jules</u> This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ This Since this application is in condition for alloware closed in accordance with the practice under E	action is non-final. nce except for formal matters, pro				
Disposition of Claims					
4) ☐ Claim(s) 1-24 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) 4-8 and 16-20 is/are versions. 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 1-3,9-15 and 21-24 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or Application Papers 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examine	withdrawn from consideration.				
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) access applicant may not request that any objection to the confidence of th	epted or b) objected to by the Edrawing(s) be held in abeyance. See on is required if the drawing(s) is obj	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). ected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 					
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 3/30/06.	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:	ite			

Application/Control Number: 10/574,118 Page 2

Art Unit: 3656

DETAILED ACTION

Election/Restrictions

Claims 4-8 and 16-20 are withdrawn from further consideration pursuant to 37 CFR 1.142(b), as being drawn to a nonelected species, there being no allowable generic or linking claim. Applicant timely traversed the restriction (election) requirement in the reply filed on July 1, 2009. However, the Applicant has not distinctly and specifically pointed out any supposed errors in the restriction requirement, therefore, the election is being treated as being made without traverse (see MPEP 818.03(a)). The election requirement is made FINAL.

Specification

Applicant is reminded of the proper language and format for an abstract of the disclosure.

The abstract should be in narrative form and generally limited to a single paragraph on a separate sheet within the range of 50 to 150 words. It is important that the abstract not exceed 150 words in length since the space provided for the abstract on the computer tape used by the printer is limited. The form and legal phraseology often used in patent claims, such as "means" and "said," should be avoided. The abstract should describe the disclosure sufficiently to assist readers in deciding whether there is a need for consulting the full patent text for details.

The language should be clear and concise and should not repeat information given in the title. It should avoid using phrases which can be implied, such as, "The disclosure concerns," "The disclosure defined by this invention," "The disclosure describes," etc. ("In a preferred embodiment, a system including:").

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Claims 2, 9 and 14 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Claims 2 and 14 recite the limitation "said tapered surface on said anti-backlash nut is about 30 degrees from horizontal", however, no frame of reference has been provided for the orientation of the nut. Is the nut arranged vertically or horizontally?

Claim 9, lines 4-6 recites the same limitations as found in claim 1, lines 2-5.

Since claim 9 is dependent on claim 1 it is not clear if "an anti-backlash nut", "a drive nut" and "biasing means" are the same as those recited in claim 1 or a second set of nuts and biasing means. Is this an additional set of nuts and biasing means being claimed?

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1-3, 9, 13-15 and 21 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Erikson, USP 6,041,671, in view of Scholer, USP 732,590.

Regarding claims 1, 3, 9, 13, 15 and 21, Erikson '671 discloses a system, comprising an anti-backlash nut (16) having a surface (16a) at one end thereof, a drive nut (14) having a complementary surface (24b) engaging said surface (16a) on said anti-backlash nut (16) and biasing means (52) urging said surfaces together, the biasing

means (52) surrounds at least a portion of the anti-backlash nut (16), the nuts (14 and 16) are internally threaded (29a and 29b) and have axial openings (openings of bores) to accommodate a lead screw (10).

Erikson '671 does not disclose that the surfaces of the nuts are tapered.

Scholer teaches a nut arrangement where mating surfaces of the nuts are tapered (see Figure 1) for the purpose of providing a mating arrangement which prevents the nuts from becoming loose (C1/L10-21 and L37-44).

It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention to use made to modify Erikson '671 and provide a tapered surface as the mating arrangement of the nuts, as taught by Scholer, for the purpose of providing a mating arrangement which prevents the nuts from becoming loose.

Regarding claims 2 and 14, Erikson '671 in view of Scholer discloses all of the claim limitations as applied above.

Scholer does not disclose the angle of the tapered surface being about 30 degrees from horizontal.

It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to make the angle about 30 degrees from horizontal. The Applicant is silent to any criticality for the use of an angle of about 30 degrees which renders the specific angle a matter of engineering design choice and thus does not serve to patentably distinguish the claimed invention from the applied prior art and any angle on

Application/Control Number: 10/574,118

Art Unit: 3656

the tapered surface would yield the predictable result of providing an frictional engagement between the two nuts.

Claims 1-3, 9-15 and 21-24 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Erikson, USP 6,131,478, in view of Scholer, USP 732,590.

Regarding claims 1, 3, 9-13, 15 and 21-24, Erikson '478 discloses a system, comprising an anti-backlash nut (16) having a surface (42) at one end thereof, a drive nut (14) having a complementary surface (26) engaging said surface (42) on said anti-backlash nut (16) and biasing means (60) urging said surfaces together, the biasing means (60) surrounds at least a portion of the anti-backlash nut (16, see Figure 3, overlaps the extension on 16 that engages the threads), the nuts (14 and 16) are internally threaded (29 and 31) and have axial openings (openings of bores) to accommodate a lead screw (10), said biasing means (60) is a torsion spring wherein at least one end (64) of said torsion spring (60) is inserted into a hole/channel (48) defined axially in an outer periphery of said anti-backlash nut (16).

Erikson '478 does not disclose that the surfaces of the nuts are tapered.

Scholer teaches a nut arrangement where mating surfaces of the nuts are tapered (see Figure 1) for the purpose of providing a mating arrangement which prevents the nuts from becoming loose (C1/L10-21 and L37-44).

It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention to use made to modify Erikson '478 and provide a tapered surface as the

mating arrangement of the nuts, as taught by Scholer, for the purpose of providing a mating arrangement which prevents the nuts from becoming loose.

Regarding claims 2 and 14, Erikson '478 in view of Scholer discloses all of the claim limitations as applied above.

Scholer does not disclose the angle of the tapered surface being about 30 degrees from horizontal.

It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to make the angle about 30 degrees from horizontal. The Applicant is silent to any criticality for the use of an angle of about 30 degrees which renders the specific angle a matter of engineering design choice and thus does not serve to patentably distinguish the claimed invention from the applied prior art and any angle on the tapered surface would yield the predictable result of providing a frictional engagement between the two nuts.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to JAMES PILKINGTON whose telephone number is (571)272-5052. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday - Friday 7-3.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Richard Ridley can be reached on (571)272-6917. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Application/Control Number: 10/574,118 Page 7

Art Unit: 3656

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/JAMES PILKINGTON/ Examiner, Art Unit 3656 8/18/09 /Thomas R. Hannon/ Primary Examiner, Art Unit 3656